

9-26-05

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Labs on Friday

Lab B due this Friday
(9-30).

Lab C - Start then, too.

Test Fri Review Weds

Sample Tests on line

HW Both Ch 3 Templates

Due Friday.

Moodle All Reading

Questions open til Weds

Ch 3 Instead of Method 2

Use Excel instead to

generate exponential
regression formulas

Test :

- Some Multiple Choice Questions ~ $\frac{1}{3}$ exam
- Rough / Ready linear / exponential model
- Models from verbal descriptions
- Some Excel formulas
- Why a model is good/not with justification.

Lab D p 299

Moving Average: make jumpy data smooth.

③

C 21: 3 days of day centered
on $t=0$

y from t: -1 0 1
center
↓

$$\text{M.A.} = \frac{32 + 37 + 42}{3}$$

Excel = average (B20:B22)

D 21: (15 days vs 3 days)
7 bef / 7 aft

= average (B14 : B28)

E 31: (trailing vs centered)
Most recent back 3 days most recent

= average (B29 : B31)

F 31:

15 days back most recent

= average (B17 : B31)

Chapter 5

Last Time:

- Malthus
- ① Population Exponential
 - ② Food Prod. Linear
 - ③ Population would outstrip Food supply
Doom - Gloom

- ① Held for US pop ~~in~~ 1790-1860
- ② Not hold - Food production out paced population
- ③ Food was abundant at the end of the 19th century

Food Production.

- Since 1900 - Less New land available
- technology - Tractors/machines
 - Herbicides/Fertilizers
 -

Population.

p 92 ff

US Pop	1962	1.5 %	growth rate
	1998	.8 %
Great Britain	1962	.9 %	growth rate
	1998	.34 %	
Mexico	1962	3.1 %	
	1998	1.6 %	
Sri Lanka	1962	2.4 %	
	1998	1 %	

Why does the same drop in growth rate seem to happen in each country?
 Stay tuned to Chapter 6.

P 99

Food Data

- Moving average to smooth data - Look for trends

- Indexing P. 100

- Fix one year as base

- Compare other years to that

Sri Lanka Rice Production

yr	prod.	Avg prod 89-91	Indexed Production
88	2 476 613		
89	2 063 437		
1990	2,538,000	2,330,146	* 108.9
91	2 389 000		
92	2 339 000		

* Compare 1990 prod to 89-91 average

$$= \frac{2538000}{2330146} \times 100 = 108.9$$

index > 100 means 1990 prod ⑦

$>$ base years'
production

index < 100 means given

yr's prod $<$ base yrs'
producti.

Excess over 100 = % increase

in given yr compared
to base.